[Ibuki Satsuki's Comic Collection]

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RECOMMENDED
READING ORDER FOR
THE YIZHEN/NIANWU
PAIRING:

CH.106 & CH.107:
SIDE STORY:
LOFTY MOUNTAINS,
FLOWING WATERS
(1 & 2)

↓

CH 118 & CH 119:
MOUNTAINS AND RIVERS
(10 & 11)

↓

CH. 137:
DOUBLE SEVENTH
FESTIVAL DRABBLE

SHOOK
YOU'RE LUCKY I WAS CAUGHT IN THE MIDDLE OF MEDITATION
YOU'RE LUCKY I WAS CAUGHT IN THE MIDDLE OF MEDITATION
HA, HA
SHE'S SO CUTE! I WANT TO TAKE HER HOME!
BEASTIES, I'M LEAVING AS I SPEAK!
JUST KIDDING!
I'M AN ENTOMOLOGIST.
WHATEVER YOU'RE DOING, I'M NOT IN AGREEMENT TO YOU BEING HERE!
I'M NOT GOING ANYWHERE!
I'M NOT GOING ANYWHERE!
I'M NOT GOING ANYWH

IF I GET CAUGHT BY THE GUARDS, I'LL BE DEAD FOR SURE!
WHY DO I HAVE TO DO THIS?
MY NAME IS MEI QI HUIYAU.
WHY, YOU ASK? BECAUSE I'M A DAMN GOOD PERSON!
SIGGHH... IF I GET CAUGHT BY THE GUARDS AND THEY FIND OUT WHERE I DECIDED TO HIDE, I'M DEAD FOR SURE!
THE SPACE IS TOO SMALL FOR ME TO TURN AROUND...
I'M GOING TO DIE IN HERE!
THE NOISE MUST'VE ATTRACTED THE GUARDS!
I'M GOING TO BE CAUGHT!
I'M GOING TO BE CAUGHT!
I'M GOING TO BE CAUGHT

Translator's Notes

Double Seventh Festival (七夕节)

Alternatively known as the Magpie Festival, Qixi (7th Night) Festival, Seven Maidens' Festival or the Chinese Valentine's Day

Celebrated on the 7th day of the 7th Chinese lunar month, it has its origins in the mythical folktale of The Cowherd And The Weaver Maid. Since it's a story that was first recorded in the Classics of Poetry (诗经) over 2600 years ago, multiple variations exist, but the basic gist is that of a love story between Zhinü(织女), the weaver girl who's symbolized by the star Vega, and Niulang(牛郎), the cowherd who's symbolized by the star Altair
An abridged version is as follows:

A human cowherd Niulang meets and falls in love with Zhinü, a fairy who was responsible for weaving clouds for the Gods. With the help of Niulang's cow (a demoted cattle god), the two of them marry, but this union angers the Gods because marriage between humans and immortals is a travesty. As punishment for their actions, the two are banished to opposite ends of the Heavens, where they'd be eternally separated by a river of stars (the Milky Way). However, their steadfast love moves the God of Heaven enough to allow them to meet once a year, on the 7th night of the 7th moon. And so, every year during this period, a flock of magpies forms a bridge to reunite the star-crossed lovers for a day

This festival was of special significance to unmarried maidens, who would make offerings to the Weaving Maid, patron goddess of women's work, and pray for a good husband and happy marriage

Traditionally, needle-threading contests, known as "Pleading For Skills" (乞巧) were held, whereby young girls and women threaded fine needles by the dim light of the moon to determine one's dexterity in needlework and by extension, one's marriage prospects

The Cowherd and the Weaving Maid's story has been alluded to in many literary works, an example being this poem from Qin Guan, a notable poet from the Song Dynasty.

Immortals At The Magpie Bridge (鹊桥仙)

Translation by Xu Yuanchong

纤云弄巧，	Clouds float like works of art,
飞星传恨，	Stars shoot with grief at heart
银汉迢迢暗度。	Across the Milky Way the Cowherd meets the Maid
金风玉露一相逢，	When Autumn's Golden Wind embraces Dew of Jade,
便胜却人间无数。	All the love scenes on earth, however many, fade.
柔情似水，	Their tender love flows like a stream,
佳期如梦，	Their happy date seems but a dream
忍顾鹊桥归路。	How can they bear a separate homeward way?
两情若是久长时，	If love between both sides can last for aye,
又岂在朝朝暮暮！	Why need they stay together night and day?